

GenCore version 4.5
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2000 CompuGen Ltd

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: April 24, 2002, 10:37:58 : Search time 71.56 Seconds
(without alignments)
82.491 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-525-998a-2_copy_41_201

Perfect score: 941
Sequence: 1 NSVCPQKYTHPNNSDCE.....CSNCKKSLKCTKICLPOTEN 161

Scoring table: Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 100059 seqs, 36664827 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 100059

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : Swissprot_39:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	941	100.0	455	1	TNR1_HUMAN
2	716.5	75.1	461	1	TNR1_PIG
3	680	72.3	454	1	TNR1_MOUSE
4	674.5	71.7	471	1	TNR1_BOVIN
5	669	71.1	461	1	TNR1_RAT
6	200.5	21.3	417	1	WSL1_HUMAN
7	187.5	19.9	435	1	TNR1_HUMAN
8	182.5	19.4	427	1	TNR1_HUMAN
9	181	19.2	474	1	TNR1_MOUSE
10	179.5	19.1	326	1	VIC1_MOUSE
11	178	18.9	325	1	VIC1_MOUSE
12	176.5	18.8	332	1	FASA_FIG
13	176.5	18.8	425	1	RFR1_RAT
14	167.5	17.8	299	1	CMD1_MOUSE
15	167.5	17.8	415	1	TNR1_MOUSE
16	167	17.7	269	1	CMD1_BOVIN
17	166.5	17.7	323	1	FASA_BOVIN
18	164	17.4	349	1	VIC2_VAPV
19	162.5	17.3	327	1	FASA_MOUSE
20	161	17.1	461	1	TNR1_HUMAN
21	147	15.6	324	1	FASA_RAT
22	145	15.4	416	1	RFR1_CHICK
23	143	15.1	283	1	TNR1_HUMAN
24	141	15.0	1680	1	FUP2_MOUSE
25	139.5	14.8	259	1	CMD1_MOUSE
26	139.5	14.8	277	1	CMD1_HUMAN
27	138.5	14.7	260	1	CMD1_HUMAN
28	134	14.2	1696	1	PK5_BRACL
29	134	14.2	1877	1	PK5_MOUSE
30	133	14.1	687	1	V541_GIALA
31	132	14.0	913	1	PK5_HUMAN
32	131.5	14.0	272	1	CMD1_MOUSE
33	130.5	13.9	335	1	FASA_HUMAN

RESULT 1

TNR1_HUMAN

AC P19438:

DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Created)

DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Last sequence update)

DI 29-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)

DE TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR RECEPTOR 1 PRECURSOR (HOMO) NECROSIS FACTOR

DE BINDING PROTEIN 1 (TNFR1) (P50) (TNF-R1) (TNF-R1) (C120A).

GN TNFRSF1A OR TNFR1 OR TNFR.

OS Homo sapiens (Human).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.

OX NCBI_taxonomy:9606;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC TISSUE-Placenta;

EX MEDLINE-90325285; PubMed-2158863;

RA Schall T.J., Lewis M., Koller K.J., Lee A., Rice G.C., Ward S.H.W.,

Getanada L., Granger G.A., Leonty R., Raab H., Kohr W.J., Goeddel D.V.,

"Molecular cloning and expression of a receptor for human tumor

nerosis factor."

RL Cell 61:361-370(1990).

RN [2]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC MEDLINE-90325284; PubMed-2158863;

RA Loetscher H., Pan Y.-C.H., Lahn H.-W., Gentz E., Brockhaus M.,

Tabuchi H., Lesslauer W.,

"Molecular cloning and expression of the human 55 kd tumor necrosis

factor receptor."

RL Cell 61:351-359(1990).

RN [3]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC MEDLINE-9109021; PubMed-1698619;

RA Nishizawa T., Kasperk M., Bracke H., Entelmann H., Swann R.,

Aderka D., Holman H., Wallach D.,

"Soluble forms of tumor necrosis factor receptors (TNFRs), the cDNA

for the type 1 TNFR, cloned using order and sequence data of its

soluble form, encodes both the cell surface and a soluble form of the

receptor."

RL EMBO J. 9:3329-3338(1990).

RN [4]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC MEDLINE-9109021; PubMed-1698619;

RA Humber A., Martin R., Frenkel M., Schenck H., Entelmann H.,

Lantz M., Green T., Holman H., Swann R., Aderka D.,

"Molecular cloning and expression of human and rat tumor necrosis

factor receptor chains (p50) and the soluble ligand, tumor

necrosis factor-binding protein."

RL JNA Cell Biol. 9:705-715(1990).

RN [5]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC TISSUE-Placenta;

EX MEDLINE-9101559; PubMed-2170974;

RA Gray P.W., Barrett K., Chaffey R., Fisher M., Feldman M.,

"Cloning of human tumor necrosis factor (TNF) receptor cDNA and

128508 homo sapien
21313 caenorhabdi
15725 rattus norv
17044 mus muscula
143484 homo sapien
145088 xenopus lae
145115 rattus norv
1460918 rattus norv
141192 homo sapien
141962 mus muscula
111946 drosophila
148977 hydra magni

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

TNR1_HUMAN

AC P19438:

DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Created)

DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Last sequence update)

DI 29-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)

DE TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR RECEPTOR 1 PRECURSOR (HOMO) NECROSIS FACTOR

DE BINDING PROTEIN 1 (TNFR1) (P50) (TNF-R1) (TNF-R1) (C120A).

GN TNFRSF1A OR TNFR1 OR TNFR.

OS Homo sapiens (Human).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.

OX NCBI_taxonomy:9606;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC TISSUE-Placenta;

EX MEDLINE-90325285; PubMed-2158863;

RA Schall T.J., Lewis M., Koller K.J., Lee A., Rice G.C., Ward S.H.W.,

Getanada L., Granger G.A., Leonty R., Raab H., Kohr W.J., Goeddel D.V.,

"Molecular cloning and expression of a receptor for human tumor

nerosis factor."

RL Cell 61:361-370(1990).

RN [2]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC MEDLINE-90325284; PubMed-2158863;

RA Loetscher H., Pan Y.-C.H., Lahn H.-W., Gentz E., Brockhaus M.,

Tabuchi H., Lesslauer W.,

"Molecular cloning and expression of the human 55 kd tumor necrosis

factor receptor."

RL Cell 61:351-359(1990).

RN [3]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC MEDLINE-9109021; PubMed-1698619;

RA Nishizawa T., Kasperk M., Bracke H., Entelmann H., Swann R.,

Aderka D., Holman H., Wallach D.,

"Soluble forms of tumor necrosis factor receptors (TNFRs), the cDNA

for the type 1 TNFR, cloned using order and sequence data of its

soluble form, encodes both the cell surface and a soluble form of the

receptor."

RL EMBO J. 9:3329-3338(1990).

RN [4]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC MEDLINE-9109021; PubMed-1698619;

RA Humber A., Martin R., Frenkel M., Schenck H., Entelmann H.,

Lantz M., Green T., Holman H., Swann R., Aderka D.,

"Molecular cloning and expression of human and rat tumor necrosis

factor receptor chains (p50) and the soluble ligand, tumor

necrosis factor-binding protein."

RL JNA Cell Biol. 9:705-715(1990).

RN [5]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC TISSUE-Placenta;

EX MEDLINE-9101559; PubMed-2170974;

RA Gray P.W., Barrett K., Chaffey R., Fisher M., Feldman M.,

"Cloning of human tumor necrosis factor (TNF) receptor cDNA and

FT expression of recombinant soluble TNF-binding protein.";
 RL Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 87:7380-7384(1990)
 RN [6]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE-92250049; PubMed 1335717;
 RA Fuchs P., Strehl S., Dworzak M., Himmeler A., Ambros P F ;
 RT "Structure of the human TNF receptor 1 (p60) gene (TNFR1) and
 RT localization to chromosome 12p13.";
 RL Genomics 13:219-224(1992).
 RN [7]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 41-45.
 RX MEDLINE-90110215; PubMed-2151436;
 RA Engelmann H., Novick P., Wallach D ;
 RT "Two tumor necrosis factor-binding proteins purified from human
 RT urine. Evidence for immunological cross reactivity with cell surface
 RT tumor necrosis factor receptors.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 265:1531-1536(1990).
 RN [8]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.85 ANGSTROMS) OF 30-211 IN COMPLEX WITH TNFR.
 RX MEDLINE-93258809; PubMed-8387891;
 RA Hammer D.W., D'Arcy A., Janes W., Genz R., Schoenfeld H.-J.,
 RT "Crystal structure of the soluble human 55 kd TNF receptor-human TNF
 RT beta complex: implications for TNF receptor activation.";
 RL Cell 74:441-445(1993).
 RN [9]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (1.85 ANGSTROMS) OF 41-202.
 RX MEDLINE-97004982; PubMed-8949750;
 RA Nalmsmith J.H., Devine L.O., Khono H., Sprang S.R.;
 RT "Structures of the extracellular domain of the type I tumor necrosis
 RT factor receptor.";
 RL Structure 4:1251-1262(1996).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: RECEPTOR FOR TNF-ALPHA. THE ADAPTOR MOLECULE FADD
 CC RECRUITS CASPASE-8 TO THE ACTIVATED RECEPTOR. THE RESULTING
 CC AGGREGATE CALLED THE DEATH-INDUCING SIGNALING COMPLEX (DISC)
 CC PERFORMS CASPASE-8 PROTEOLYTIC ACTIVATION WHICH INITIATES THE
 CC SUBSEQUENT CASCADE OF CASPASES (ASPARTATE-SPECIFIC CYSTEINE
 CC PROTEASES) MEDIATING APOPTOSIS. CONTRIBUTES TO THE INDUCTION OF
 CC NONCYTOTOXIC TNF EFFECTS INCLUDING ANTI-VIRAL STATE AND ACTIVATION
 CC OF THE ACID SPHINGOMYELINASE.
 CC -1- SUBUNIT: TNF BINDING TO THE EXTRACELLULAR DOMAIN OF TNFR1 LEADS TO
 CC HOMOTRIMERIZATION. ONCE AGGREGATED THE RECEPTORS DEATH DOMAINS
 CC PROVIDE A NOVEL MOLECULAR INTERFACE THAT INTERACTS SPECIFICALLY
 CC WITH THE DEATH DOMAIN OF TRADD. VARIOUS TRADD-INTERACTING
 CC PROTEINS SUCH AS TRAFs, RIP AND POSSIBLY FADD, ARE RECRUITED TO
 CC TNFR1 COMPLEX BY THEIR ASSOCIATION WITH TRADD. THIS COMPLEX
 CC ACTIVATES AT LEAST TWO DISTINCT SIGNALING CASCADES, APOPTOSIS AND
 CC NF-KAPPA B SIGNALING.
 CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: TYPE I MEMBRANE PROTEIN.
 CC -1- DOMAIN: THE DOMAIN THAT INDICES A-SMASE IS PROBABLY IDENTICAL TO
 CC THE DEATH DOMAIN. THE N-SMASE ACTIVATION DOMAIN (NSD) IS BOTH
 CC NECESSARY AND SUFFICIENT FOR ACTIVATION OF N-SMASE.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS A LA-NGFR/TNFR-TYPE CYSTEINE-RICH REGION.
 CC -1- DATABASE: NAME-PROW; NOTE-CD guide CD1203 entry;
 CC WWW-URL: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/blast/blast20a.htm>
 CC
 CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyrighted. It is produced through a collaboration
 CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -
 CC the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
 CC use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way
 CC modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial
 CC entities requires a license agreement. (See [http://www.isb-sib.ch/announcements/](http://www.isb-sib.ch/announcements)
 CC or send an email to license@sib-sib.ch).
 CC
 DR EMBL: X55313; CAA39021.1;
 DR EMBL: M33294; AAA04210.1;
 DR EMBL: M58286; AAA36753.1;
 DR EMBL: M64121; AAA36754.1;
 DR EMBL: M75866; AAA61201.1;
 DR EMBL: M75864; AAA61201.1; JOINED.
 DR EMBL: M75865; AAA61201.1; JOINED.
 DR EMBL: M60275; AAA36756.1;

DR EMBL: A21522; CAA01558.1;
 DR PIR: A34899; G0HUT1
 DR PIR: A35010; A35010.
 DR PIR: S12057; S12057.
 DR PIR: A38208; A38208.
 DR PIR: 1TNP; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB: 1NCF; 07-DEC-95.
 DR PDB: 1EXT; 11-JAN-97.
 DR MM: 191190;
 DR InterPro: IPR000488; Death.
 DR InterPro: IPR001388; TNFR_c6.
 DR Pfam: PF00531; death; 1.
 DR Pfam: PF00620; TNFR_c6; 4.
 DR ProDom: PD000771; TNFR_c6; 1.
 DR SMART: SM00005; DEATH; 1.
 DR SMART: SM00208; TNFR; 4.
 DR PROSITE: PS00652; TNFR_NGFR_1; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00650; TNFR_NGFR_2; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00017; DEATH_DOMAIN; 1.
 KW Receptor; Transmembrane; Glycoprotein; Repeat; Signal; Apoptosis;
 KW 3D-structure.
 FT SIGNAL 1 21
 FT CHAIN 22 455 TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR RECEPTOR 1.
 FT CHAIN 41 291 TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR BINDING PROTEIN 1.
 FT DOMAIN 22 211 EXTRACELLULAR (POTENTIAL).
 FT TRANSMEM 212 234 POTENTIAL.
 FT DOMAIN 235 455 CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
 FT DOMAIN 43 196 4 X TNFR-CYS.
 FT REPEAT 43 82 TNFR-CYS 1.
 FT REPEAT 83 125 TNFR-CYS 2.
 FT REPEAT 126 166 TNFR-CYS 3.
 FT REPEAT 167 196 TNFR-CYS 4.
 FT DOMAIN 338 348 N-SMASE ACTIVATION DOMAIN (NSD).
 FT DOMAIN 356 441 DEATH.
 FT DISULFID 44 58
 FT DISULFID 59 72
 FT DISULFID 62 81
 FT DISULFID 84 99
 FT DISULFID 102 117
 FT DISULFID 105 125
 FT DISULFID 127 143
 FT DISULFID 146 158
 FT DISULFID 149 166
 FT DISULFID 168 179
 FT DISULFID 182 191
 FT DISULFID 185 195
 FT CARBOHYD 54 54 N-LINKED (GLUCNA...) (POTENTIAL).
 FT CARBOHYD 145 145 N-LINKED (GLUCNA...) (POTENTIAL).
 FT CARBOHYD 151 151 N-LINKED (GLUCNA...) (POTENTIAL).
 FT CONFLICT 412 412 MISSING (IN REF. 4).
 FT CONFLICT 443 446 GFAA -> APP (IN REF. 4).
 SQ SEQUENCE 455 AA; 50494 MW; 4C0FBA96D03B8225 CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 941; DB 1; Length 455;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9e-71;
 Matches 161; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 DSVCPCKYTHPUNNSTCTKCHKGTLYVNDKQPGQDTHCKRSGSPTASNNHRL 60
 DB 41 DSVCPCKYTHPUNNSTCTKCHKGTLYVNDKQPGQDTHCKRSGSPTASNNHRL 100
 QY 41 DSVCPCKYTHPUNNSTCTKCHKGTLYVNDKQPGQDTHCKRSGSPTASNNHRL 120
 DB 101 SCSCRRKPMGVFSSCTVIRIVVGVGCKPKQVHYWSENFQCFNCSICNGIVHISQ 160
 QY 121 KNTVCTCHAGFFLPENFVSSNFKKSLCTKICLPQIEN 161
 DB 161 KNTVCTCHAGFFLPENFVSSNFKKSLCTKICLPQIEN 201
 RESULT 2
 TNRI_PIG

ID INRL_PIC STANDARD: PRT: 461 AA.
 AC P50555;
 DT 01-OCT-1996 (rel. 34, Created)
 DT 01-OCT-1996 (rel. 34, Last sequence update)
 DT 20-AUG-2001 (rel. 40, Last annotation update)
 DE TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR RECEPTOR 1 (TNF-R1) (TNF-R1)
 DE (P55).
 DE INTRAFIA OR INFR1.
 GS Sus scrofa (Pig).
 GC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 GC Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Suidae; Sus.
 GX NCBI_TaxID=923;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE: Kidney.
 RX MEDLINE=96011645; PubMed=7590278;
 RA Suter B., Pauli U.H.;
 RI "Cloning of the cDNA encoding the porcine p55 tumor necrosis factor receptor".
 RL Gene 163:263-266(1995)
 CC -1- FUNCTION: RECEPTOR FOR TNF-ALPHA. THE ADAPTOR MOLECULE FADD RECRUITS CASPASE-8 TO THE ACTIVATED RECEPTOR. THE RESULTING AGGREGATE CALLED THE DEATH-INDUCING SIGNALING COMPLEX (DISC) PERFORMS CASPASE-8 PROTEOLYTIC ACTIVATION WHICH INITIATES THE SUBSEQUENT CASCADE OF CASPASES (ASPARTATE-SPECIFIC CYSTEINE PROTEASES) MEDIATING APOPTOSIS (BY SIMILARITY).
 CC -2- SUBUNIT: TNF BINDING TO THE EXTRACELLULAR DOMAIN OF TNFR1 LEADS TO HOMOTRIMERIZATION. ONCE AGGREGATED, THE RECEPTORS REACH DOMAINS PROVIDE A NOVEL MOLECULAR INTERFACE THAT INTERACTS SPECIFICALLY WITH THE DEATH DOMAIN OF TRAF3. VARIOUS ISOTYPE-TRAF3-ING PROTEINS SUCH AS TRAF3, RIP AND POSSIBLY FADD, ARE RECRUITED TO TNFR1 COMPLEX BY THEIR ASSOCIATION WITH TRAF3. THIS COMPLEX ACTIVATES AT LEAST TWO DISTINCT SIGNALING CASCADES, APOPTOSIS AND NF-KAPPA B SIGNALING (BY SIMILARITY).
 CC -3- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: TYPE 1 MEMBRANE PROTEIN.
 CC -4- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS A LA-NHPR/INFR-TYPE CYSTEINE-RICH REGION.
 CC -5- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 DEATH DOMAIN.
 CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation - the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its use by non profit institutions as long as its content is in no way modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial entities requires a license agreement (See [http://www.isb-sib.ch/announcements/](http://www.isb-sib.ch/announcements) or send an email to license@sib.ch).
 CC EMBL: U19994; AAC48499.1; -;
 DR HSSD: P19438; TNFR.
 DR InterPro: IPR000488; Death.
 DR InterPro: IPR001368; INFR_c6.
 DR Pfam: PF00531; death_1.
 DR Pfam: PF00020; TNFR_c6; 3.
 DR ProDom: P00077; TNFR_c6; 1
 DR SMART: SM00208; TNFR; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00652; TNFR_NGFR_1; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00650; TNFR_NGFR_2; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00651; TNFR_NGFR_3; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00652; TNFR_NGFR_4; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00653; TNFR_NGFR_5; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00654; TNFR_NGFR_6; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00655; TNFR_NGFR_7; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00656; TNFR_NGFR_8; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00657; TNFR_NGFR_9; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00658; TNFR_NGFR_10; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00659; TNFR_NGFR_11; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00660; TNFR_NGFR_12; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00661; TNFR_NGFR_13; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00662; TNFR_NGFR_14; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00663; TNFR_NGFR_15; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00664; TNFR_NGFR_16; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00665; TNFR_NGFR_17; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00666; TNFR_NGFR_18; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00667; TNFR_NGFR_19; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00668; TNFR_NGFR_20; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00669; TNFR_NGFR_21; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00670; TNFR_NGFR_22; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00671; TNFR_NGFR_23; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00672; TNFR_NGFR_24; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00673; TNFR_NGFR_25; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00674; TNFR_NGFR_26; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00675; TNFR_NGFR_27; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00676; TNFR_NGFR_28; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00677; TNFR_NGFR_29; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00678; TNFR_NGFR_30; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00679; TNFR_NGFR_31; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00680; TNFR_NGFR_32; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00681; TNFR_NGFR_33; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00682; TNFR_NGFR_34; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00683; TNFR_NGFR_35; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00684; TNFR_NGFR_36; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00685; TNFR_NGFR_37; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00686; TNFR_NGFR_38; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00687; TNFR_NGFR_39; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00688; TNFR_NGFR_40; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00689; TNFR_NGFR_41; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00690; TNFR_NGFR_42; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00691; TNFR_NGFR_43; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00692; TNFR_NGFR_44; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00693; TNFR_NGFR_45; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00694; TNFR_NGFR_46; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00695; TNFR_NGFR_47; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00696; TNFR_NGFR_48; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00697; TNFR_NGFR_49; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00698; TNFR_NGFR_50; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00699; TNFR_NGFR_51; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00700; TNFR_NGFR_52; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00701; TNFR_NGFR_53; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00702; TNFR_NGFR_54; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00703; TNFR_NGFR_55; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00704; TNFR_NGFR_56; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00705; TNFR_NGFR_57; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00706; TNFR_NGFR_58; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00707; TNFR_NGFR_59; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00708; TNFR_NGFR_60; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00709; TNFR_NGFR_61; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00710; TNFR_NGFR_62; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00711; TNFR_NGFR_63; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00712; TNFR_NGFR_64; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00713; TNFR_NGFR_65; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00714; TNFR_NGFR_66; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00715; TNFR_NGFR_67; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00716; TNFR_NGFR_68; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00717; TNFR_NGFR_69; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00718; TNFR_NGFR_70; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00719; TNFR_NGFR_71; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00720; TNFR_NGFR_72; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00721; TNFR_NGFR_73; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00722; TNFR_NGFR_74; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00723; TNFR_NGFR_75; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00724; TNFR_NGFR_76; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00725; TNFR_NGFR_77; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00726; TNFR_NGFR_78; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00727; TNFR_NGFR_79; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00728; TNFR_NGFR_80; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00729; TNFR_NGFR_81; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00730; TNFR_NGFR_82; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00731; TNFR_NGFR_83; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00732; TNFR_NGFR_84; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00733; TNFR_NGFR_85; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00734; TNFR_NGFR_86; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00735; TNFR_NGFR_87; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00736; TNFR_NGFR_88; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00737; TNFR_NGFR_89; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00738; TNFR_NGFR_90; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00739; TNFR_NGFR_91; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00740; TNFR_NGFR_92; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00741; TNFR_NGFR_93; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00742; TNFR_NGFR_94; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00743; TNFR_NGFR_95; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00744; TNFR_NGFR_96; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00745; TNFR_NGFR_97; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00746; TNFR_NGFR_98; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00747; TNFR_NGFR_99; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00748; TNFR_NGFR_100; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00749; TNFR_NGFR_101; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00750; TNFR_NGFR_102; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00751; TNFR_NGFR_103; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00752; TNFR_NGFR_104; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00753; TNFR_NGFR_105; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00754; TNFR_NGFR_106; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00755; TNFR_NGFR_107; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00756; TNFR_NGFR_108; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00757; TNFR_NGFR_109; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00758; TNFR_NGFR_110; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00759; TNFR_NGFR_111; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00760; TNFR_NGFR_112; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00761; TNFR_NGFR_113; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00762; TNFR_NGFR_114; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00763; TNFR_NGFR_115; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00764; TNFR_NGFR_116; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00765; TNFR_NGFR_117; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00766; TNFR_NGFR_118; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00767; TNFR_NGFR_119; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00768; TNFR_NGFR_120; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00769; TNFR_NGFR_121; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00770; TNFR_NGFR_122; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00771; TNFR_NGFR_123; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00772; TNFR_NGFR_124; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00773; TNFR_NGFR_125; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00774; TNFR_NGFR_126; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00775; TNFR_NGFR_127; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00776; TNFR_NGFR_128; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00777; TNFR_NGFR_129; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00778; TNFR_NGFR_130; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00779; TNFR_NGFR_131; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00780; TNFR_NGFR_132; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00781; TNFR_NGFR_133; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00782; TNFR_NGFR_134; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00783; TNFR_NGFR_135; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00784; TNFR_NGFR_136; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00785; TNFR_NGFR_137; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00786; TNFR_NGFR_138; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00787; TNFR_NGFR_139; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00788; TNFR_NGFR_140; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00789; TNFR_NGFR_141; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00790; TNFR_NGFR_142; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00791; TNFR_NGFR_143; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00792; TNFR_NGFR_144; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00793; TNFR_NGFR_145; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00794; TNFR_NGFR_146; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00795; TNFR_NGFR_147; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00796; TNFR_NGFR_148; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00797; TNFR_NGFR_149; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00798; TNFR_NGFR_150; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00799; TNFR_NGFR_151; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00800; TNFR_NGFR_152; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00801; TNFR_NGFR_153; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00802; TNFR_NGFR_154; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00803; TNFR_NGFR_155; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00804; TNFR_NGFR_156; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00805; TNFR_NGFR_157; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00806; TNFR_NGFR_158; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00807; TNFR_NGFR_159; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00808; TNFR_NGFR_160; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00809; TNFR_NGFR_161; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00810; TNFR_NGFR_162; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00811; TNFR_NGFR_163; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00812; TNFR_NGFR_164; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00813; TNFR_NGFR_165; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00814; TNFR_NGFR_166; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00815; TNFR_NGFR_167; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00816; TNFR_NGFR_168; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00817; TNFR_NGFR_169; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00818; TNFR_NGFR_170; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00819; TNFR_NGFR_171; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00820; TNFR_NGFR_172; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00821; TNFR_NGFR_173; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00822; TNFR_NGFR_174; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00823; TNFR_NGFR_175; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00824; TNFR_NGFR_176; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00825; TNFR_NGFR_177; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00826; TNFR_NGFR_178; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00827; TNFR_NGFR_179; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00828; TNFR_NGFR_180; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00829; TNFR_NGFR_181; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00830; TNFR_NGFR_182; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00831; TNFR_NGFR_183; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00832; TNFR_NGFR_184; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00833; TNFR_NGFR_185; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00834; TNFR_NGFR_186; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00835; TNFR_NGFR_187; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00836; TNFR_NGFR_188; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00837; TNFR_NGFR_189; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00838; TNFR_NGFR_190; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00839; TNFR_NGFR_191; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00840; TNFR_NGFR_192; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00841; TNFR_NGFR_193; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00842; TNFR_NGFR_194; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00843; TNFR_NGFR_195; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00844; TNFR_NGFR_196; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00845; TNFR_NGFR_197; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00846; TNFR_NGFR_198; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00847; TNFR_NGFR_199; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00848; TNFR_NGFR_200; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00849; TNFR_NGFR_201; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00850; TNFR_NGFR_202; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00851; TNFR_NGFR_203; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00852; TNFR_NGFR_204; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00853; TNFR_NGFR_205; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00854; TNFR_NGFR_206; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00855; TNFR_NGFR_207; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00856; TNFR_NGFR_208; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00857; TNFR_NGFR_209; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00858; TNFR_NGFR_210; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00859; TNFR_NGFR_211; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00860; TNFR_NGFR_212; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00861; TNFR_NGFR_213; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00862; TNFR_NGFR_214; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00863; TNFR_NGFR_215; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00864; TNFR_NGFR_216; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00865; TNFR_NGFR_217; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00866; TNFR_NGFR_218; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00867; TNFR_NGFR_219; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00868; TNFR_NGFR_220; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00869; TNFR_NGFR_221; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00870; TNFR_NGFR_222; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00871; TNFR_NGFR_223; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00872; TNFR_NGFR_224; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00873; TNFR_NGFR_225; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00874; TNFR_NGFR_226; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00875; TNFR_NGFR_227; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00876; TNFR_NGFR_228; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00877; TNFR_NGFR_229; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00878; TNFR_NGFR_230; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00879; TNFR_NGFR_231; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00880; TNFR_NGFR_232; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00881; TNFR_NGFR_233; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00882; TNFR_NGFR_234; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00883; TNFR_NGFR_235; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00884; TNFR_NGFR_236; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00885; TNFR_NGFR_237; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00886; TNFR_NGFR_238; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00887; TNFR_NGFR_239; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00888; TNFR_NGFR_240; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00889; TNFR_NGFR_241; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00890; TNFR_NGFR_242; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00891; TNFR_NGFR_243; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00892; TNFR_NGFR_244; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00893; TNFR_NGFR_245; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00894; TNFR_NGFR_246; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00895; TNFR_NGFR_247; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00896; TNFR_NGFR_248; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00897; TNFR_NGFR_249; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00898; TNFR_NGFR_250; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00899; TNFR_NGFR_251; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00900; TNFR_NGFR_252; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00901; TNFR_NGFR_253; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00902; TNFR_NGFR_254; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00903; TNFR_NGFR_255; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00904; TNFR_NGFR_256; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00905; TNFR_NGFR_257; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00906; TNFR_NGFR_258; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00907; TNFR_NGFR_259; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00908; TNFR_NGFR_260; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00909; TNFR_NGFR_261; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00910; TNFR_NGFR_262; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00911; TNFR_NGFR_263; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00912; TNFR_NGFR_264; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00913; TNFR_NGFR_265; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00914; TNFR_NGFR_266; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00915; TNFR_NGFR_267; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00916; TNFR_NGFR_268; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00917; TNFR_NGFR_269; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00918; TNFR_NGFR_270; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00919; TNFR_NGFR_271; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00920; TNFR_NGFR_272; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00921; TNFR_NGFR_273; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00922; TNFR_NGFR_274; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00923; TNFR_NGFR_275; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00924; TNFR_NGFR_276; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00925; TNFR_NGFR_277; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00926; TNFR_NGFR_278; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00927; TNFR_NGFR_279; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00928; TNFR_NGFR_280; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00929; TNFR_NGFR_281; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00930; TNFR_NGFR_282; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00931; TNFR_NGFR_283; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00932; TNFR_NGFR_284; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00933; TNFR_NGFR_285; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00934; TNFR_NGFR_286; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00935; TNFR_NGFR_287; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00936; TNFR_NGFR_288; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00937; TNFR_NGFR_289; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00938; TNFR_NGFR_290; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00939; TNFR_NGFR_291; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00940; TNFR_NGFR_292; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00941; TNFR_NGFR_293; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00942; TNFR_NGFR_294; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00943; TNFR_NGFR_295; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00944; TNFR_NGFR_296; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00945; TNFR_NGFR_297; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00946; TNFR_NGFR_298; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00947; TNFR_NGFR_299; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00948; TNFR_NGFR_300; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00949; TNFR_NGFR_301; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00950; TNFR_NGFR_302; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00951; TNFR_NGFR_303; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00952; TNFR_NGFR_304; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00953; TNFR_NGFR_305; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00954; TNFR_NGFR_306; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00955; TNFR_NGFR_307; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00956; TNFR_NGFR_308; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00957; TNFR_NGFR_309; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00958; TNFR_NGFR_310; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00959; TNFR_NGFR_311; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00960; TNFR_NGFR_312; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00961; TNFR_NGFR_313; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00962; TNFR_NGFR_314; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00963; TNFR_NGFR_315; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00964; TNFR_NGFR_316; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00965; TNFR_NGFR_317; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00966; TNFR_NGFR_318; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00967; TNFR_NGFR_319; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00968; TNFR_NGFR_320; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00969; TNFR_NGFR_321; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00970; TNFR_NGFR_322; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00971; TNFR_NGFR_323; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00972; TNFR_NGFR_324; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00973; TNFR_NGFR_325; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00974; TNFR_NGFR_326; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00975; TNFR_NGFR_327; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00976; TNFR_NGFR_328; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00977; TNFR_NGFR_329; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00978; TNFR_NGFR_330; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00979; TNFR_NGFR_331; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00980; TNFR_NGFR_332; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00981; TNFR_NGFR_333; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00982; TNFR_NGFR_334; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00983; TNFR_NGFR_335; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00984; TNFR_NGFR_336; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00985; TNFR_NGFR_337; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00986; TNFR_NGFR_338; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00987; TNFR_NGFR_339; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00988; TNFR_NGFR_340; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00989; TNFR_NGFR_341; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00990; TNFR_NGFR_342; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00991; TNFR_NGFR_343; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00992; TNFR_NGFR_344; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00993; TNFR_NGFR_345; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00994; TNFR_NGFR_346; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00995; TNFR_NGFR_347; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00996; TNFR_NGFR_348; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00997; TNFR_NGFR_349; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00998; TNFR_NGFR_350; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS00999; TNFR_NGFR_351; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01000; TNFR_NGFR_352; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01001; TNFR_NGFR_353; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01002; TNFR_NGFR_354; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01003; TNFR_NGFR_355; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01004; TNFR_NGFR_356; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01005; TNFR_NGFR_357; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01006; TNFR_NGFR_358; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01007; TNFR_NGFR_359; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01008; TNFR_NGFR_360; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01009; TNFR_NGFR_361; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01010; TNFR_NGFR_362; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01011; TNFR_NGFR_363; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01012; TNFR_NGFR_364; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01013; TNFR_NGFR_365; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01014; TNFR_NGFR_366; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01015; TNFR_NGFR_367; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01016; TNFR_NGFR_368; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01017; TNFR_NGFR_369; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01018; TNFR_NGFR_370; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01019; TNFR_NGFR_371; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01020; TNFR_NGFR_372; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01021; TNFR_NGFR_373; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01022; TNFR_NGFR_374; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01023; TNFR_NGFR_375; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01024; TNFR_NGFR_376; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01025; TNFR_NGFR_377; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01026; TNFR_NGFR_378; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01027; TNFR_NGFR_379; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01028; TNFR_NGFR_380; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01029; TNFR_NGFR_381; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01030; TNFR_NGFR_382; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01031; TNFR_NGFR_383; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01032; TNFR_NGFR_384; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01033; TNFR_NGFR_385; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01034; TNFR_NGFR_386; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01035; TNFR_NGFR_387; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01036; TNFR_NGFR_388; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01037; TNFR_NGFR_389; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01038; TNFR_NGFR_390; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01039; TNFR_NGFR_391; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01040; TNFR_NGFR_392; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01041; TNFR_NGFR_393; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01042; TNFR_NGFR_394; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01043; TNFR_NGFR_395; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01044; TNFR_NGFR_396; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01045; TNFR_NGFR_397; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01046; TNFR_NGFR_398; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01047; TNFR_NGFR_399; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01048; TNFR_NGFR_400; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01049; TNFR_NGFR_401; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS01050; TNFR_NGFR_402; 3.
 DR PROSITE: PS0

CC PROTEASES) MEDIATING APOPTOSIS (BY SIMILARITY).
CC -1- SUBUNIT: TNF BINDING TO THE EXTRACELLULAR DOMAIN OF TNFR1 LEADS TO
CC HOMOTRIMERIZATION. ONCE AGGREGATED THE RECEPTORS DEATH DOMAINS
CC PROVIDE A NOVEL MOLECULAR INTERFACE THAT INTERACTS SPECIFICALLY
CC WITH THE DEATH DOMAIN OF TRADD. VARIOUS TRADD-INTERACTING
CC PROTEINS SUCH AS TRAFs, RIP AND POSSIBLY FADD, ARE RECRUITED TO
CC TNFR1 COMPLEX BY THEIR ASSOCIATION WITH TRADD. THIS COMPLEX
CC ACTIVATES AT LEAST TWO DISTINCT SIGNALING CASCADES, APOPTOSIS AND
CC NF-KAPPA B SIGNALING (BY SIMILARITY).
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: TYPE 1 MEMBRANE PROTEIN.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS A LA-NGRP/TNFR-TYPE CYSTEINE-RICH REGION.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 DEATH DOMAIN.

CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -
CC the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
CC use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way
CC modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial
CC entities requires a license agreement (See <http://www.isb-sib.ch/autonomous/>
CC or send an email to license@sib-sib.ch).

CC EMBL: U90937; AAB65143.1; 1;
CC RSP: P19438; 11NR;
CC InterPro: IPR000488; Death;
CC InterPro: IPR001468; TNFR_c6
CC Pfam: PF00531; death; 1;
CC ProDom: PD000711; TNFR_c6; 1;
CC SMART: SM00005; NPAH; 1;
CC SMART: SM00208; TNFR; 2;
CC PROSITE: PS00652; TNFR_NGFR_1; 3;
CC PROSITE: PS00500; TNFR_NGFR_2; 2;
CC Receptor; Transmembrane; Glycoprotein; Repeat; Signal; Apoptosis;
CC FT SIGNAL: 1 21
CC FT CHAIN: 22 471
CC FT DOMAIN: 22 210
CC FT TRANSMEM: 211 233
CC FT DOMAIN: 234 471
CC FT DOMAIN: 43 195
CC FT REPEAT: 43 82
CC FT REPEAT: 83 125
CC FT REPEAT: 126 166
CC FT REPEAT: 167 195
CC FT DOMAIN: 340 360
CC FT DOMAIN: 372 457
CC FT DISULFID: 44 58
CC FT DISULFID: 59 72
CC FT DISULFID: 62 81
CC FT DISULFID: 84 99
CC FT DISULFID: 102 117
CC FT DISULFID: 105 125
CC FT DISULFID: 127 143
CC FT DISULFID: 146 166
CC FT DISULFID: 168 179
CC FT DISULFID: 182 190
CC FT DISULFID: 185 194
CC FT CARBOHYD: 54 54
CC FT CARBOHYD: 145 145
CC FT CARBOHYD: 151 151
CC SEQUENCE 471 AA: 51367 MW: 52435514DFE9104_C264;
SQ

Query March 71.78; Score 674.5; DH 1; Length 471;
Best Local Similarity 71.68; Pred. No. 5e-49;
Matches 111; Conservative 17; Mismatches 26; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
QY 1 PSVCPGKTVHDDNNSGICAKRGKLYLYNCGQGGQDIAKCPKPSSTPIASENHLPHCL 60
DB 41 ESDTPCKVKNHNGNSIGCTKHKRKYLYNCGQGGQDIAKCPKPSSTPIASENHLPHCL 100
QY 61 SSKSPFFEMQVEISSTVICTVCTVCTVCTVCTVCTVCTVCTVCTVCTVCTVCTVCTV 120

DB 101 SSSSEKPEPVEVCHVAVVERIVGDFNAYVSWWELKALNLSL PNWNIQCE 150
QY 121 KONTVECHVACHVPLRNVSVSNCKKSLRKLK 155
DB 161 PATTTPHIMTEFLPGVGLSILHCPYK ECKELC 194
RESULT 5
TNFR1_RAT
ID TNFR1_RAT STANDARD: PRI: 461 AA.
AC P22934;
DT 01-AUG-1991 (rel 19, Created)
PT 01-MAP-1992 (rel 21, Last sequence update)
PT 20-AUG-2001 (rel 40, Last annotation update)
DE TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR RECEPTOR 1 (HUMAN) (TNF-R1) (TNF-R)
DE (P55)
GN TNFRSF1A OR TNFR1 OR TNFR-1.
OS Eukaryotes (Rat).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10116;
RN 11
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE 9109341; PubMed 1702294;
RA Himmeler A., Maurer-Freda L., Kracke M., Scheffli P., Plizenmaier K.,
RA Lantiz M., Olsson L., Hauptmann K., Strieter C., Adolf G.R.;
RI "Molecular cloning and expression of human and rat tumor necrosis
RI factor receptor chain (p55) and its soluble derivative, tumor
RI necrosis factor-binding protein.";
RI DNA Cell Biol. 9:705-715(1990).
CC -1- FUNCTION: RECEPTOR FOR TNF-ALPHA. THE ADAPTOR MOLECULE FADD
CC RECRUITS CASPASE 8 TO THE ACTIVATED RECEPTOR. THE RESULTING
CC AGGREGATE CALLED THE DEATH-INDUCING SIGNALING COMPLEX (DISC)
CC PERFORMS CASPASE-8 PROTEOLYTIC ACTIVATION WHICH INITIATES THE
CC SUBSEQUENT CASCADE OF CASPASES (ASPARTIC-SPECIFIC CYSTEINE
CC PROTEASES) MEDIATING APOPTOSIS (BY SIMILARITY).
CC -1- SUBUNIT: TNF BINDING TO THE EXTRACELLULAR DOMAIN OF TNFR1 LEADS TO
CC HOMOTRIMERIZATION. ONCE AGGREGATED THE RECEPTORS DEATH DOMAINS
CC PROVIDE A NOVEL MOLECULAR INTERFACE THAT INTERACTS SPECIFICALLY
CC WITH THE DEATH DOMAIN OF TRADD. VARIOUS TRADD-INTERACTING
CC PROTEINS SUCH AS TRAFs, RIP AND POSSIBLY FADD, ARE RECRUITED TO
CC TNFR1 COMPLEX BY THEIR ASSOCIATION WITH TRADD. THIS COMPLEX
CC ACTIVATES AT LEAST TWO DISTINCT SIGNALING CASCADES, APOPTOSIS AND
CC NF-KAPPA B SIGNALING (BY SIMILARITY).
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: TYPE 1 MEMBRANE PROTEIN.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS A LA-NGRP/TNFR-TYPE CYSTEINE-RICH REGION.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 DEATH DOMAIN.

CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -
CC the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
CC use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way
CC modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial
CC entities requires a license agreement (See <http://www.isb-sib.ch/autonomous/>
CC or send an email to license@sib-sib.ch).

CC EMBL: M03122; AAA2256.1; 1;
CC PIP: P04565; P04565;
CC RSP: P19438; 11NR;
CC InterPro: IPR000488; Death;
CC InterPro: IPR001468; TNFR_c6;
CC Pfam: PF00531; death; 1;
CC Pfam: PF00020; TNFR_c6; 4;
CC ProDom: PD000711; TNFR_c6; 1;
CC SMART: SM00005; DEATH; 1;
CC SMART: SM00208; TNFR; 3;
CC PROSITE: PS00652; TNFR_NGFR_1; 4;
CC PROSITE: PS00500; TNFR_NGFR_2; 4;
CC PROSITE: PS00017; DEATH_DOMAIN; 1;
CC Receptor; Transmembrane; Glycoprotein; Repeat; Signal; Apoptosis;
CC FT SIGNAL: 1 21
CC FT CHAIN: 22 461
CC TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR RECEPTOR 1.

FI DOMAIN 22 211 EXTRA-CELLULAR (POTENTIAL).
 FI TRANSMEM 212 234 POTENTIAL.
 FI DOMAIN 235 461 CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
 FI DOMAIN 43 196 4 X TNF-CYS.
 FI REPEAT 43 82 TNF-CYS 1.
 FI REPEAT 83 125 TNF-CYS 2.
 FI REPEAT 126 166 TNF-CYS 3.
 FI REPEAT 167 196 TNF-CYS 4.
 FI DOMAIN 344 354 N-SMASE ACTIVATION DOMAIN (NSD).
 FI DOMAIN 363 448 DEATH.
 FI DISULFID 44 58 HY SIMILARITY.
 FI DISULFID 59 72 BY SIMILARITY.
 FI DISULFID 62 81 BY SIMILARITY.
 FI DISULFID 84 99 HY SIMILARITY.
 FI DISULFID 102 117 HY SIMILARITY.
 FI DISULFID 105 125 HY SIMILARITY.
 FI DISULFID 127 143 HY SIMILARITY.
 FI DISULFID 146 158 HY SIMILARITY.
 FI DISULFID 149 166 HY SIMILARITY.
 FI DISULFID 168 179 HY SIMILARITY.
 FI DISULFID 182 191 HY SIMILARITY.
 FI DISULFID 185 195 HY SIMILARITY.
 FI CARBOHYD 54 54 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).
 FI CARBOHYD 151 151 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).
 FI CARBOHYD 201 201 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).
 SQ SEQUENCE 461 AA: 50969 MW: 823605450PDB2 CRC664.

Query Match 71.18; Score 669; DR 1; Length 461;
 Best Local Similarity 68.38; Pred. No. 1.4e-48;
 Matches 110; Conservation 19; Miscellaneous 44; Indels 0; Gaps 0.

QY 1 DSVCPOGAYTHPQNNISGCTKCHKAGTYVYNDGPGQGDUDGRCESSTPASHNHLRHCIL 60
 DB 41 DNLCPQKAYAHKNNISGCTKCHKAGTYVYNDGPGQGDUDGRCESSTPASHNHLRHCIL 100
 QY 61 SSKSKTEKMGVEISSVTVEGTVAQPPKLYAYHWYFNFLEWENSLNLNGIVHLSSQDE 120
 DB 101 SKCKKMPVYVSPKAMHLYWCKKNGQRYSEHFGQVCKSPGCHGTVTTPCKR 150
 QY 121 KNTVCTCHAGFELENVSVCKSKSLKCTKICLQDEN 161
 DB 161 KNTVCTCHAGFELENVSVCKSKSLKCTKICLQDEN 161
 DB 161 KNTVCTCHAGFELENVSVCKSKSLKCTKICLQDEN 161

RESULT 6
 ID WSL1_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT: 417 AA.
 AC Q94348; Q94346; Q94347; Q94349; Q94350; Q94351; Q94352; P78507;
 AC Q94360;
 DT 01-NOV-1997 (rel. 35, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1997 (rel. 35, last sequence update)
 DT 20-AUG-2001 (rel. 40, last annotation update)
 DE WSL-1 PROTEIN PREPARES (AP-ETOSIS) MEDIATING (AP-ETOSIS-
 DE MEDIATING RECEPTOR TRAMP) (DEATH DOMAIN RECEPTOR 3) (WSL PROTEIN)
 DE (APOPTOSIS INDUCING RECEPTOR AIP) (AP-3) (LYMPHOCYTE ASSOCIATED
 DE RECEPTOR OF DEATH) (LARD).
 GN TNFSP12 OR WSL1 OR AR3 OR AR33 OR DR3 OR DR33.
 OS Homo sapiens (Human).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=9606.
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A., ALTERNATIVE SPLICING, AND MUTAGENESIS.
 RC TISSUE=Lymphoid;
 RX MEDLINE-97088617; PubMed-8934525;
 RA Kitson J., Raven T., Jiang Y.-P., Goeddel D.V., Gilles K.M., Pun K.-T.,
 RA Grubbs C.J., Brown R., Farrow S.N.;
 RT "A death domain containing receptor that mediates apoptosis.";
 RL Nature 384:372-375(1996).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Ombilical vein endothelial cells;

RX MEDLINE-97081063; PubMed-8875942;
 RA Chinnaiyan A.M., O'Rourke K., Yu G.-L., Lyons R.H., Garq M.,
 RA Duan B.H., Xing L., Gonty P., Ni J., Dixit V.M.;
 RT "Signal transduction by DR3, a death domain-containing receptor
 RT related to TNF-R1 and CD95.";
 RL Science 274:990-992(1996).
 RN [3]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA Degli-Esposti M.A., Din W.S., Cosman D., Smith C.A., Goodwin R.G.;
 RL Submitted (JAN-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 RN [4]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Heart;
 RX MEDLINE-97148200; PubMed-8994832;
 RA Marsters S.A., Sheridan J.P., Donahue C.J., Pitti R.M., Gray C.L.,
 RA Goddard A.D., Hauer K.P., Ashkenazi A.;
 RT "Ap-3, a new member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor family,
 RT contains a death domain and activates apoptosis and NF-kappa-B.";
 RL Curr. Biol. 6:1669-1676(1996).
 RN [5]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA MEDLINE-9727273; PubMed-9114039;
 RA Sreerath G.R., Xu X.-N., Olsen A.L., Cowper A.E., Fan R.,
 RA McMichael A.J., Bell J.L.;
 RT "LARD, a new lymphoid-specific death domain containing receptor
 RT regulated by alternative pre-mRNA splicing.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 94:4615-4619(1997).
 RN [6]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 4-417 FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Brain, and Fetal lung;
 RX MEDLINE-97205335; PubMed-9052839;
 RA Bodmer J.-L., Burns K., Schneider P., Hofmann K., Steiner V.,
 RA Thome M., Hornund T., Hahne M., Schroeter M., Wilson A., French L.E.,
 RA Browning J.L., MacDonald H.R., Tschopp J.;
 RT "FAP, a novel apoptosis mediating receptor with sequence homology
 RT to tumor necrosis factor receptor 1 and Fas(Apo-1/CD95).";
 RL Immunity 6:79-88(1997).
 RN [7]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 7-417 FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Brain;
 RA Chaudhary P.M., Hood L.E.;
 RL Submitted (JAN-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC 1- FUNCTION: INDUCES APOPTOSIS AND ACTIVATES NUCLEAR FACTOR KAPPA-B
 CC (NF-KAPPA-B). DIRECTLY INTERACTS WITH TRADD ADAPTOR MOLECULE. MAY
 CC PLAY A ROLE IN REGULATING LYMPHOCYTE HOMEOSTASIS.
 CC 1- SUBUNIT: HOMODIMER. INTERACTS STRONGLY VIA THE DEATH DOMAINS WITH
 CC THE TNFR1-ASSOCIATED MOLECULE TRADD AND THE TNFR1 RECEPTOR TO
 CC ACTIVATE AT LEAST TWO DISTINCT SIGNALING CASCADES, APOPTOSIS AND
 CC NF-KAPPA-B SIGNALING.
 CC 1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: TYPE I MEMBRANE PROTEIN (POTENTIAL).
 CC 1- ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS: 3 ISOFORMS: WSL-1/LARD-1A (SHOWN HERE),
 CC WSL-S1/LARD-3 AND WSL-S2; ARE PRODUCED BY ALTERNATIVE SPLICING.
 CC 1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: ABUNDANTLY EXPRESSED IN THYMOCYTES AND
 CC LYMPHOCYTES DETECTED IN LYMPHOCYTE-RICH TISSUES SUCH AS THYMUS,
 CC COLON, INTESTINE, AND SPLEEN. ALSO FOUND IN THE PROSTATE.
 CC 1- PTM: GLYCOSYLATED (PROBABLE).
 CC 1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS A LA-NGFR/TNFR-TYPE CYSTEINE-RICH REGION.
 CC 1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 DEATH DOMAIN.

THIS SWISS PROI entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
 between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation
 at the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
 use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way
 modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial
 entities requires a license agreement. (See <http://www.isb-sib.ch/annouce/>
 or send an email to license@isb.sib.ch.)

EMBL: Y09392; CAA70561.1;
 EMBL: Y09392; CAA70559.1;
 EMBL: Y09392; CAA70560.1;
 EMBL: U72763; AAC50819.1;
 EMBL: U74599; AAB41434.1;
 EMBL: U83600; AAB41435.1;

DR	PFAM, PF006020, TNFR_c6, 4.
DR	SMART; SM00005; DEATH; 1.
DR	SMART; SM00208; TNFR; 3.
DW	PfamSITE; PS09652; TNFR_NGFR_1; 3.
DW	PROSITE; PS50050; TNFR_NGFR_2; 4.
DR	PROSITE; PS50017; DEATH_DOMAIN; 1.
DR	Receptor; Neurogenesis; Transmembrane; Glycoprotein; Repeat;
KW	Phosphorylation; Signal.
NW	SIGNAL 1 28
FT	CHAIN 29 427
FT	LOW-AFFINITY NERVE GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR.
FT	EXTRACELLULAR (POTENTIAL).
FT	POTENTIAL.
FT	CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
FT	4 X TNFR-CYS.
FT	TNFR-CYS 1.
FT	TNFR-CYS 2.
FT	TNFR-CYS 3.
FT	TNFR-CYS 4.
FT	DEATH.
FT	BY SIMILARITY.
FT	DISULFID 32 43
FT	DISULFID 44 57
FT	DISULFID 47 64
FT	DISULFID 67 83
FT	DISULFID 86 99
FT	DISULFID 89 107
FT	DISULFID 109 122
FT	DISULFID 125 138
FT	DISULFID 128 146
FT	DISULFID 149 164
FT	DISULFID 167 180
FT	DISULFID 170 188
FT	DOMAIN 197 248
FT	CARGOHTD 60 60
FT	SEQUENCE 427 AA; 4518 MW; B09FA143FBd625B CRC64;
QY	Query Match. 19.4%; Score 182.5; DR 1; Length 427;
DB	Best Local Similarity 32.1%; Pred No 1,8e 08;
DB	Matches 52; Conservative 25; Mismatches 62; Indels 23; Gaps
OY	4 CIOCKYIHPDNNSICTCCKHKHGYLYNYDCPGQVDTCPKPC-PSGSPTASPNHLPHCLSC 62
DB	
DB	32 CPGLGYTH-- SGHCCKACNLHGCAVAPC-GANQ IVGPGCLDSVLESDVVSAIEECCKPC 86
OY	63 SKTPKEMLGVFISS-QTVGPVTVCYTFPKNGPYHWSENLFENCSLCINLT-VHSLSGLE 140
DB	
DB	87 THG---VQLQSMAIPCEAIDAIVCR-----AYQYQETITGCRCACRVGEAGSGLVTSQDL 140
OY	121 KNIWVC-TCHAGFLRE-----NHCVSCSMC----KSLSLCIA 153
DB	
DB	141 KONTVCEECPDGYSDEANIHPCLPCTVCEDTEPOLRECTR 182
RESULT 9	
ID	TNR2_MOUSE
AC	P25119, P97893,
CD	01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Created)
DT	01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Last sequence update)
PI	01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 38, Last annotation update)
PR	15-JUN-1999 (Rel. 38, Last annotation update)
PE	TUMOR_NEPROSIS_FACTOR_RECEPTOR_2_PHEUPSCP (TNF-p2) (p75).
OS	TNFRSF1B OR TNFR2 OR TNFR-2.
GN	Mus musculus (Mouse).
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC	Amniota; Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Mus.
OX	NCHI_TaxID=10090;
RN	[[]]
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RR	MEDLINE=J187885; PubMed=1849278;
RX	Lewis M., Tartaglia L.A., Lee A., Bennett G.L., Rice G.C.,
RT	Wong G.H., Chen E.Y., Goodell D.V.;
RT	"Cloning and expression of cDNAs for two distinct murine tumor"


```

Query Match          19.1%; Score 179.5; DH 1; Length 326;
Best Local Similarity 27.4%; Pred. No. 26e-38;
Matches 51; Conservative 19; Mismatches 67; Indels 49; Gaps 7;

QY 13 QNNSICTCKHKGTYLYNCPGQDITCFEESGSETASENHLRHLISL-SKGRKEMGQ 71
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Db 34 ENIGAGCISCPGASVSRIC-GQSDIVCSCKNKFPIASINHAACVSCGRCTCHLS- 91
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
QY 72 VEISSCTVDIVDCCGRNOY----- 92
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Db 92 -ESQCDKTRGRVCDSSA-NY-LEKGF-EIPAFKIKPA-YGVSVSHIFRHLVTKP 150
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
QY 93 RHYWSENIPOCHNCISLNG-LVHLSCEKQKNTVCICHAQFLEHNCVSCNCKKSLK 151
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Db 151 RYLYSDVSVTEICLSSNYISVENLYPNVDTSCITAG-----PNVVKTSFVSVLNH 206
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
QY 152 TKLGLP 157
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Db 207 ED-GRP 211

RESULT 1:
VT2_SIVKA          STANDARD:          PRT:          325 AA.
ID VT2_SIVKA
AC P25943
DI 01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Last sequence update)
DI 01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Last sequence update)
DI 15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 36, Last annotation update)
DE TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR SOLUBLE PEPTIDE PRECURSOR (PROTEIN T2).
GN T2.
OS Shope fibroma virus (strain Kasza) (SFV).
OC Viruses: dsDNA viruses, no RNA stage, Poxviridae, Chordopoxvirinae;
OC Leporipoxvirus.
OX NCBI_TaxID:10272;
RN [1]
SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
EX MEMINF-87321103; PubMed:2820128;
RA Upton C., Delange A.M., McFadden G.;
RT "Herpes-like poxviruses: genomic organization and DNA sequence of the
RT telomeric region of the Shope fibroma virus genome";
RL Virology 160:40-40(1987).
RN [2]
FUNCTION.
EX MEMINF-91207415; PubMed:1850261;
RA Smith C.A., Davis T., Wignall J.M., Din W.S., Farrah T., Upton C.,
RA McFadden G., Goodwin R.G.;
RT "T2 open reading frame from the Shope fibroma virus encodes a soluble
RT form of the TNF receptor";
PI Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 176:335-342(1991).
CC -1- FUNCTION: BINDS TO TNF-ALPHA AND BETA. PROBABLY PREVENTS TNF TO
CC REACH CELLULAR TARGET AND THEREBY DAMENING THE POTENTIAL
CC ANTIVIRAL EFFECTS OF THE CYTOKINE.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS A LA NGR/TNER TYPE CYSTEINE-RICH REGION.
CC
CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -
CC the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
CC use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way
CC modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial
CC entities requires a license agreement. (See http://www.isb-sib.ch/annouce/
CC or send an email to license@sib-sib.ch)
CC
CC EMBL: M17433; -; NOT_ANNOTATED_GUS.
DR EMBL: A23727; CAA01687.1;
DR PIR: B43692; B43692.
DR HSP: P19438; 1TNP.
DR ITCPTO: IPR001368; TNFR_c6.
DR Pfam: PF00020; TNFR_c6; 2.
DR ProDom: PD000771; TNFR_c6; 1.
DR SMART: SM00208; TNFR_3.
DR PROSITE: PS00655; TNFR_N_TF_1.

```

```

DR PROSITE: PS00050; TNFR_NGR_2; 1.
KW Receptor; Glycoprotein; Repeat; Signal.
FT SIGNAL 1 16 POTENTIAL.
FT CHAIN 17 325 TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR SOLUBLE RECEPTOR.
FT DOMAIN 27 186 4 X TNFR-CYS.
FT REPEAT 27 62 TNFR-CYS 1.
FT REPEAT 63 104 TNFR-CYS 2.
FT REPEAT 105 147 TNFR-CYS 3.
FT REPEAT 148 186 TNFR-CYS 4.
FT CARBOHYD 105 105 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 181 181 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 205 205 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 238 238 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).
SQ SEQUENCE 325 AA; 35132 MW; 81054039198A71E CRC64;

Query Match          18.9%; Score 178; DH 1; Length 325;
Best Local Similarity 29.6%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
Matches 45; Conservative 15; Mismatches 62; Indels 30; Gaps 6;

QY 13 QNNSUCCIKHKGTYLYNCPGQDITCFEESGSETASENHLRHLISL-SKGRKEMGQ 71
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Db 34 EKDLICASCHPGVYASRIQ-GPOSNIVCSNCFDEIFASTINADACVSCGRCTCHLS- 91
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
QY 72 VEISSCTVDIVDCCGRNOYHYWSENLFCNCSLNG-LVHLSCEKQKNTVCICHAQ 141
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Db 92 -ESQCDKTRGRVCDSSA-NY-LEKGF-EIPAFKIKPA-YGVSVSHIFRHLVTKP 142
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
QY 132 FRLKLNHCVSCNCKK -.....SLGKILK 155
      : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Db 133 YGVSVSHIFRHLVTKPFPHTYSNLSPTERC 164

RESULT 12
FASA_PIG
ID FASA_PIG          STANDARD:          PRT:          332 AA.
AC 077736;
DI 15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 38, Created)
DI 15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 38, Last sequence update)
DI 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE FASO PRECURSOR PRECURSOR (APOPTOSIS-MEDIATING SURFACE ANTI-GEN FAS)
DE (APO-1 ANTIGEN) (CD95).
GN TNFRSF6 OR APT1 OR FAS.
OS Sus scrofa (Pig).
OC Eukaryota, Metazoa, Chordata, Craniata, Vertebrata, Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria, Cetartiodactyla, Suina; Suidae; Sus.
OX NCBI_TaxID:9823;
RN [1]
SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Bartling B., Hollmann T., Hollt T., Schulz P., Heusch G., Darmer D.;
RT "Expression of apoptosis-associated genes in liberating and stunned
RT myocardium of pig";
RI Submitted (JAN-1998)
CC -1- FUNCTION: RECEPTOR FOR A CYTOKINE KNOWN AS FASL. THE
CC ADAPTOR MOLECULE FADD RECRUITS CASPASE-8 TO THE ACTIVATED
CC SIGNALING COMPLEX (DISC) PERFORMS CASPASE-8 PROTEOLYTIC
CC ACTIVATION. ACTIVE CASPASE-8 INITIATES THE SUBSEQUENT CASCADE OF
CC CASPASES (ASPARTATE-SPECIFIC CYSTEINE PROTEASES) MEDIATING
CC APOPTOSIS. FAS-MEDIATED APOPTOSIS MAY HAVE A ROLE IN THE
CC INDUCTION OF PERIPHERAL TOLERANCE. IN THE ANTIGEN-STIMULATED
CC SUICIDE OF MATURE T-CELLS, OR BOTH (BY SIMILARITY).
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: TYPE I MEMBRANE PROTEIN.
CC -1- DOMAIN: CONTAINS A DEATH DOMAIN INVOLVED IN THE BINDING OF FADD,
CC AND MAYBE TO OTHER CYTOSOLIC ADAPTOR PROTEINS.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS A LA-NGR/TNER-TYPE CYSTEINE-RICH REGION.
CC
CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -
CC the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
CC use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way
CC modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial
CC entities requires a license agreement. (See http://www.isb-sib.ch/annouce/
CC or send an email to license@sib-sib.ch)

```



```

QY 4 PQGKYIHPPNNISCTCKHGKTVLYNCPGPGGDTDCRECESGPIASENHLRPLSCS 62
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
DB 33 DSIGLYIH---SGECKACNIGGVAQC-CANO-TWCECLDNVTSDDVSATCKPC 87
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
QY 63 SKCPKEMQAVFISSTVPTPTVCGPKQYRIYWFENLPTVTCSCALNS-TVHLSCQFQ 120
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
DB 88 TEG---LGLQSNAPCEVADDAVRC---AVGYQDEETGHCACSVCEVSSGLVFSQD 141
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
QY 121 KNTVTC-VCHACGFFLR-----NPTVSSNCKKSLFCIKLCLP 157
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
DB 142 KNTVTCVEEPGEGTYSDEAHIVDPCLPTVCEDTQRQLRECTP 183
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

RESULT 14
CD40L_MOUSE STANFORD: PKT: 289 AA.
AC P27512:
DT 01-AUG-1992 (Rel. 21, Created)
DI 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)
DI 15-JUN-1999 (Rel. 38, Last annotation update)
DE CD40L RECEPTOR PRECURSOR (A-CELL SURFACE ANTIGEN CD40) (H50) (CDW40).
GN TNFRSF5 OR CD40.
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
OC Eukaryota, Metazoa, Chordata, Craniata, Vertebrata, Euteleostomi,
OC Mammalia, Eutheria, Rodentia, Sciurognathi, Muridae, Murinae, Mus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=92105763; PubMed=1370315;
RA Torres R.M., Clark E.A.;
FT "Differential increase of an alternatively polyadenylated mRNA
RT species of murine CD40 upon B lymphocyte activation.";
RL J. Immunol. 148:620-626(1992).
RN [2]
RP REVISIONS.
RC STRAIN-BALB/c;
RA Torres R.M.;
RL Submitted (SEP-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN-BALB/c; TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=94094586; PubMed=1281194;
RA Grimaldi J.C., Torres R., Kozak G.A., Chang R., Clark E.A.,
RA Howard M., Cockayne D.A.;
FT "Genomic structure and chromosomal mapping of the murine CD40 gene.";
RL J. Immunol. 149:3921-3926(1992).
CC -1- FUNCTION: RECEPTOR FOR A CYTOKINE LIGAND KNOWN AS CD40L.
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: TYPE I MEMBRANE PROTEIN.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS A LA-NRFR/TNFR-TYFF CYSTEINE-RICH REGION
CC
CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation
CC the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
CC use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way
CC modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial
CC entities requires a license agreement (See: http://www.isb.ch/infocent/
CC or send an email to license@isb.ch)
CC
DB EMBL: M83312; AAB08705.1;
DB EMBL: M94126; AAA37404.1;
DB EMBL: M94129; AAA37404.1; JOINED.
DB EMBL: M94128; AAA37404.1; JOINED.
DB EMBL: M94127; AAA37404.1; JOINED.
DB EMBL: A46476; A46476.
DB HSSP: F25942.1;
DB MGI: MGI:88346; Inrist5.
DB InterPro: IPR001368; TNFR_c6.
DB Pfam: PF00020; TNFR_c6; 4.
DB ProDom: PD000771; TNFR_c6; 1.
DB SMART: SM00298; TNFR; 1.
DB PROSITE: PS00652; TNFR_NFPR_1; 1.
DB PPSITE: PSC055; TNFR_NFPR_2; 4.

KW Receptor; B-cell; Glycoprotein; Transmembrane; Repeat; Signal
FT SIGNAL 1 19 POTENTIAL
FT CHAIN 20 289 CD40L RECEPTOR.
FT DOMAIN 20 193 EXTRACELLULAR (POTENTIAL).
FT TRANSMEM 194 215 POTENTIAL.
FT DOMAIN 216 289 CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
FT DOMAIN 25 187 4 X TNFR-CYS.
FT REPEAT 25 60 TNFR-CYS 1.
FT REPEAT 61 103 TNFR-CYS 2.
FT REPEAT 104 144 TNFR-CYS 3.
FT REPEAT 145 187 TNFR-CYS 4.
FT CARBOHYD 153 153 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).
SQ SEQUENCE 289 AA; 32111 MW; 6791CB6D2FEA574E CRC64;

Query Match 17.8%; Score 167.5; DB 1; Length 289;
Best Local Similarity 29.9%; Pred. No. 2; 3e-07;
Matches 46; Conservative 23; Mismatches 72; Indels 13; Gaps 7;

QY 4 PQGKYIHPPNNISCTCKHGKTVLYNCPGPGGDTDCRECESGPIASENHLRPLSCS 63
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
DB 26 CSDKQYLH---DQCCCDLCPGSRSLTSHCTAL-EKTCVHCDCSGEFSQWNRHTRCHQHR 81
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
QY 64 KCPKEMQAVFISSTVPTPTVCGPKQYRIYWFENLPTVTCSCALNS-TVHLSCQFQ 122
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
DB 82 BCEFNQGLKVRKKGIAESDIWCTCKEG--HCISKKGCACQHTPCIPGFGVWEMATETI 139
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
QY 123 NTVC-TCHAGFFLRN---RCVSCSNCK-KSLC 150
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
DB 140 DTVCPCPVGFEFSNSSLFECYPTWTSCEDKNLE 173
      | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

RESULT 15
TNRC_MOUSE STANFORD: PKT: 415 AA.
AC P50284:
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Created)
DI 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)
DI 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last annotation update)
DE LYMPHOTOXIN-BETA RECEPTOR PRECURSOR.
GN LTRK OR TNFR.
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
OC Eukaryota, Metazoa, Chordata, Craniata, Vertebrata, Euteleostomi,
OC Mammalia, Eutheria, Rodentia, Sciurognathi, Muridae, Murinae, Mus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN-CVB; TISSUE=Lung;
RX MEDLINE=46072804; PubMed=7594541;
RA Force W.P., Waller R.N., Hession C., Tizard R., Kozak G.A.,
RA Browning J.G., Ware C.F.;
FT "Mouse lymphotoxin-beta receptor. Molecular genetics, ligand binding,
RT and expression.";
PL 1. Immunol. 155:5280-5288(1995).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MPMI-IMP-4616385; PubMed=8464432;
RA Nakamura T., Tashiro K., Nakano M., Nakano T., Sasayama S.,
RA Honjo T.;
FT "The murine lymphotoxin beta receptor (DNA: isolation by the signal
RT sequence trap and chromosomal mapping.";
PL Genomics 30:312-319(1995).
CC -1- FUNCTION: RECEPTOR FOR THE LYMPHOTOXIN-BETA. POSSIBLE FUNCTION IN
CC IMMUNE DEVELOPMENT.
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: TYPE I MEMBRANE PROTEIN.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS A LA-NRFR/TNFR-TYFF CYSTEINE RICH REGION.
CC
CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation
CC the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
CC use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way
CC modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial
CC entities requires a license agreement (See: http://www.isb.ch/infocent/
CC or send an email to license@isb.ch)
CC
DB EMBL: M83312; AAB08705.1;
DB EMBL: M94126; AAA37404.1;
DB EMBL: M94129; AAA37404.1; JOINED.
DB EMBL: M94128; AAA37404.1; JOINED.
DB EMBL: M94127; AAA37404.1; JOINED.
DB EMBL: A46476; A46476.
DB HSSP: F25942.1;
DB MGI: MGI:88346; Inrist5.
DB InterPro: IPR001368; TNFR_c6.
DB Pfam: PF00020; TNFR_c6; 4.
DB ProDom: PD000771; TNFR_c6; 1.
DB SMART: SM00298; TNFR; 1.
DB PROSITE: PS00652; TNFR_NFPR_1; 1.
DB PPSITE: PSC055; TNFR_NFPR_2; 4.

```

or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).

```

CC -----
CC EMBL: U29173; AAA68964.1; -
DR EMBL: U38423; AAH00646.1; -
DR EMBL: U30798; AA81344.1; -
DR USSP: P25942; ICDF.
DR MG0: MG1:104875; LLBR.
DR InterPro: IPR001368; INFR_c6.
DR Pfam: PF00020; INFR_c6; 3.
DR ProDom: PD000771; INFR_c6; 1.
DR SMART: SM00208; INFR_3.
DR PROSITE: PS00652; TNFR_NFR_1; 2.
DR PROSITE: PS00650; TNFR_NFR_2; 3.
KW Receptor; Transmembrane; Glycoprotein; Repeat; Signal.
FT SIGNAL 1 30 POTENTIAL.
FT CHAIN 31 415 LYMPHOXIN-BETA RECEPTOR.
FT DOMAIN 31 223 EXTRACELLULAR (POTENTIAL).
FT TRANSMEM 224 244 POTENTIAL.
FT DOMAIN 245 415 CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
FT DOMAIN 42 213 4 X INFR-CYS.
FT REPEAT 42 81 TNFR-CYS 1.
FT REPEAT 82 124 TNFR-CYS 2.
FT REPEAT 125 170 TNFR-CYS 3.
FT REPEAT 171 213 TNFR-CYS 4.
FT DISULFID 43 58 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 59 72 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 62 80 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 83 98 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 101 116 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 104 124 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 126 132 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 139 150 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 142 169 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 172 187 BY SIMILARITY.
FT CARBOHYD 40 40 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 179 179 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).
SQ SEQUENCE 415 AA: 44956 MW: 298326A566AEF661 CRC64;

```

```

Query Match 17.8%; Score 167.5; DB 1; Length 415;
Best Local Similarity 27.6%; Pred. No. 3,1e-07;
Matches 42; Conservative 21; Mismatches 74; Indels 15; Gaps 6;
QY 8 KYIHPUNNSTCTKTKIKGILYLYNDCFGQDDEKDEESNSTASENULRHETSSKCRK 67
Db 49 EYEPHMD-VCCSRCPDPPFVAVC-SKSDIVCKTCHHNSYNHWHHLSIQCLKPCD 106
QY 68 EMQWEISSCYDRDIVACAEKNAYRIYWSLENLEFCNCS-----LGLNSTVHLSVQEKQ 122
Db 107 VLAEFEVAPCTSDRAKRCQPGMCSVYLDN--ECVICEERLVLCQPGTEAVTDEIM 163
QY 123 NI---VCICHAGFFLRNFCVSCSKKSLHC 151
Db 164 DTDVNVCKPGHIE--QNTSSPRACQPHTRC 193

```

Search completed: April 24, 2002, 10:49:10
Job time: 672 sec

